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UNHARMED. *adj.* Unhurt; not injured.
In strong proof of chastity well armed,
From love's weak, childish bow she lives unharm'd. *Shakesp.*
Though great light be insufferable to our eyes; yet
the highest degree of darkness does not diseafe them, for
causing no disorderly motion, it leaves that curious organ un-
harm'd. *Locke.*
The Syrens once deluded, vainly charm'd;
Ty'd to the mast, Ulysses sail'd unharm'd. *Granville.*
UNHARMFUL. *adj.* Innoxious; innocent.
Themselves unharmful, let them live unharm'd;
Their jaws disabled, and their claws difarm'd. *Dryden.*
UNHARMONIOUS. *adj.*
1. Not symmetrical; disproportionate.
Those pure, immortal elements, that know
No gross, no unharmonious mixture foul,
Eject him, tainted now, and purge him off. *Milton.*
2. Unmusical; ill-sounding.
His thoughts are improper to his subject, his expressions
unworthy of his thoughts, or the turn of both is unharmoni-
ous. *Dryden.*
That barbarous custom of abbreviating words, to fit them
to the measure of verses, has formed harsh, unharmonious
sounds. *Swift.*
TO UNHARMNESS. *v. a.*
1. To loose from the traces.
The sweating steers unharms'd from the yoke,
Bring back the crooked plough. *Dryden.*
The mules unharms'd range beside the main. *Pope.*
If there were six horses, the postillion always unharms'd
four, and placed them on a table. *Swift.*
2. To disarm; to divest of armour.
UNHAZARDED. *adj.* Not adventured; not put in danger.
Here I shou'd still enjoy thee day and night
Whole to myself, unharms'd abroad,
Fearless at home. *Milton's Agonistes, l. 807.*
UNHATCHED. *adj.*
1. Not disclosed from the eggs.
2. Not brought to light.
Some unhatch'd practice
Hath puddled his clear spirit. *Shakespeare.*
UNHEALTHFUL. *adj.* Morbid; unwholesome.
The diseases which make years unhealthful, are spotted
fevers; and the unhealthful season is the autumn. *Granville.*
At every sentence set his life at stake,
Though the discourse were of no weightier things,
Than sultry summers, or unhealthful springs. *Dryden.*
UNHEALTHY. *adj.* Sickly; wanting health.
No body would have a child cram'd at breakfast, who
would not have him dull and unhealthy. *Locke on Education.*
He, intent on somewhat that may ease
Unhealthy mortals, and with curious search
Examines all the properties of herbs. *Philips.*
TO UNHEART. *v. a.* To discourage; to depre-
To bite his lip,
And hum at good Cominius, much unhearts me. *Shakesp.*
UNHEARD. *adj.*
1. Not perceived by the ear.
For the noise of drums and timbrels loud,
Their childrens cries unheard. *Milton's Par. Lost.*
2. Not vouchsafed an audience.
What pangs I feel, unpitied and unheard!
3. Unknown in celebration.
Nor was his name unheard, or unador'd. *Milton.*
4. UNHEARD OF. Obscure; not known by fame.
Free from hopes or fears, in humble ease,
Unheard of may I live and die in peace. *Granville.*
5. UNHEARD OF. Unprecedented.
There is a foundation laid for the most unheard of confusion
that ever was introduced into a nation. *Swift.*
UNHEATED. *adj.* Not made hot.
Neither salts, nor the distilled spirits of them can penetrate
the narrow pores of unheated glass. *Boyle.*
UNHEEDDED. *adj.* Disregarded; not thought worthy of no-
tice.
True experiments may, by reason of the easy mistake of
some unheeded circumstance, be unsuccessfully tried. *Boyle.*
He of his fatal gulle gave proof unheeded. *Milton.*
Her hair
In a simple knot was ty'd above;
Sweet negligence! unheeded bait of love. *Dryden.*
The triumph ceas'd—tears gush'd from ev'ry eye,
The world's great victor pass'd unheeded by. *Pope.*
UNHEEDING. *adj.* Negligent; careless.
I have not often seen him; if I did,
He pass'd unmark'd by my unheeding eyes. *Dryden.*
UNHEEDY. *adj.* Precipitate; sudden.
Learning his ship from those white rocks to save,
Which all along the southern sea-coast lay,
Threat'ning unheedy wreck, and rash decay,
He nam'd Albion. *Fairy Queen, b. ii. c. 1.*

U N H

Nor hath love's mind of any judgment taste;
Wings and no eyes, figure unheedy haste. *Shakesp.*
So have I seen some tender slip,
Sav'd with care from winter's nip;
The pride of her carnation train
Pluck'd up by some unheedy twain. *Milton.*
TO UNHELE. *v. a.* To uncover; to expose to view. *Spenser.*
UNHELPLED. *adj.* Unassisted; having no auxiliary; unsupported.
Unhelp'd I am, who pity'd the distress'd,
And none oppressing, am by all oppress'd. *Dryden.*
UNHELPFUL. *adj.* Giving no assistance.
I bewail good Gloucester's case
With sad, unhelpful tears. *Shakesp. Hen. VII.*
UNHEWN. *part. adj.* Not hewn.
In occasions of merriment, this rough-cast, unheewn poetry,
was instead of stage plays. *Dryden's Dedication to Juvenal.*
UNHIDEBOUND. *adj.* Lax of maw; capacious.
Though plenteous, all too little seems
To stuff this maw, this vast, unhidebound corps. *Milton.*
TO UNHINGE. *v. a.*
1. To throw from the hinges.
2. To displace by violence.
For want of cement, ribs of rock disjoint'd
Without an earthquake, from their base would part,
And hills unbing'd, from their deep roots depart. *Blackmore.*
3. To disorder; to confuse.
Rather than not accomplish my revenge,
Just or unjust, I would the world unbinge. *Waller.*
If God's providence did not order it, cheats would not
only juggle private men out of their rights, but unbinge states,
and run all into confusion. *Ray on the Creation.*
UNHOLINESS. *n. f.* Impiety; profaneness; wickedness.
Too foul and manifest was the unholiness of obtruding upon
men remission of sins for money. *Raleigh.*
UNHOLY. *adj.*
1. Profane; not hallowed.
Doth it follow that all things now in the church are unholy,
which the Lord hath not himself precisely instituted? *Hooker.*
2. Impious; wicked.
We think not ourselves the holier, because we use it; so
neither should they with whom no such thing is in use, think
us therefore unholy, because we submit ourselves unto that,
which, in a matter so indifferent, the wisdom of authority
and law have thought comely. *Hooker.*
From the paradise of God,
Without remorse, drive out the sinful pair,
From hallow'd ground th' unholy. *Milton's Par. Lost.*
Far other dreams my erring foul employ;
Far other raptures of unholy joy. *Pope.*
UNHONOUR'D. *adj.*
1. Not regarded with veneration; not celebrated.
Unhonour'd though I am, at least, said she,
Not unreveng'd that impious act shall be. *Dryden.*
Pales unhonour'd, Ceres unemploy'd,
Were all forgot. *Dryden.*
2. Not treated with respect.
Grieved that a visitant so long shou'd wait,
Unmark'd, unhonour'd, at a monarch's gate. *Pope.*
TO UNHOOP. *v. a.* To divest of hoops.
Unhoop the fair sex, and cure this fashionable tympany got
among them. *Addison's Spectator, No. 127.*
UNHOPE'D. *adj.* Not expected; greater than hope had
UNHOPE'D FOR. } promised.
With unhop'd success
Th' ambassadors return with promis'd peace. *Dryden.*
Heav'n has inspir'd with a sudden thought,
Whence your unhop'd-for safety may be wrought. *Dryden.*
UNHOPEFUL. *adj.* Such as leaves no room to hope.
Benedict is not the unhopefullest husband that I know; thus
far I can praise him; he is of approved valour. *Shakesp.*
I thought the routing style I wrote in, might prove no un-
hopeful way to procure somewhat considerable from those
great masters of chymical arcana. *Boyle.*
TO UNHORSSE. *v. a.* To beat from an horse; to throw from
the saddle.
He would unhorse the lustiest challenger. *Shakespeare.*
The emperor, rescued a noble gentleman, whom, unhorsed
and sore wounded, the enemy was ready to have slain. *Knapton.*
On a fourth he flies, and him unhorses too. *Daniel.*
They are forc'd
To quit their boats, and fare like men unhors'd. *Waller.*
The knights unhors'd may rise from off the plain,
And fight on foot, their honour to regain. *Dryden.*
UNHOSPITABLE. *adj.* [unhospitableness, Lat.] Affording no kindness
or entertainment to strangers; cruel; barbarous.
The cruel nation, covetous of prey,
Stain'd with my blood th' unhospitable coast. *Dryden.*
UNHOSPITABLE. *adj.* Not belonging to an enemy.
The high-prancing steeds
Spurn their dismounted riders; they expire
Indignant, by unhostile wounds destroy'd. *Philips.*
TO

U N I

TO UNHOUND. *v. a.* To drive from the habitation.
Seek true religion: O where? Mirreus!
Thinking her unbound here, and fled from us, *Donne.*
Seek her at Rome.
Death unawares with his cold, kind embrace,
Unhous'd thy virgin soul from her fair biding place. *Milton.*
UNHOUSED. *adj.*
1. Homeless; wanting a house.
Call the creatures,
Whose naked natures live in all the spight
Of weakful heav'n; whose bare, unhoused trunks,
To the conflicting elements expos'd,
Answer meer nature. *Shakesp. Timon of Athens.*
2. Having no settled habitation.
But that I love the gentle Desdemona,
I would not my unhoused, free condition
Put into circumscription and confine. *Shakesp. Othello.*
Hear this,
You unhous'd, lawless, rambling libertines. *Southern.*
UNHOUSELLED. *adj.* Having not the sacrament.
Thus was I sleeping, by a brother's hand,
Of life, of crown, of queen at once dispatch'd;
Cut off even in the blossoms of my fin,
Unhousell'd, unanointed, unanell'd. *Shakesp. Hamlet.*
UNHUMBL'D. *adj.* Not humbled; not touched with shame
or confusion.
Should I of these the liberty regard,
Who, freed as to their ancient patrimony,
Unhumbled, unrepented, unreformed,
Headlong would follow. *Milton's Par. Regain'd.*
UNHURT. *adj.* Free from harm.
Of fifteen hundred, eight hundred were slain in the field;
and of the remaining seven hundred, two men only came off
unhurt. *Bacon's War with Spain.*
I tread more lightly on the ground;
My nimble feet from unhurt flow're rebound;
I walk in air. *Dryden's State of Innocence.*
Supported by thy care,
Through burning climes I pass'd unhurt,
And breath'd in tainted air. *Addison's Spectator.*
The stars shall fade away;
But thou shalt flourish in immortal youth,
Unhurt, amidst the war of elements,
The wrecks of matter, and the crush of worlds. *Addison.*
UNHURTFUL. *adj.* Innoxious; harmless; doing no harm.
You hope the duke will return no more, or
You imagine me too unhurtful an opposite. *Shakespeare.*
Flames unhurtful, hovering, dance in air. *Blackmore.*
UNHURTFULLY. *adv.* Without harm; innocently.
We laugh at others as innocently and as unhurtfully, as
at ourselves. *Pope to Swift.*
UNICORN. *n. f.* [unicornis, unus and cornu, Lat.]
1. A beast, whether real or fabulous, that has only one horn.
Wert thou the unicorn, pride and wrath would confound
thee. *Shakespeare's Timon of Athens.*
Unicorns may be betray'd with trees,
Bears with glassies, men with flatterers. *Shakespeare.*
Nature in comigerous animals hath placed the horns in-
verted upwards, as in the rhinoceros, Indian ass, and unicorn
beetles. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*
It is not of consequence, that because Diocorides hath
made no mention of unicorns horn, there is therefore no such
thing in nature. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*
Some unicorns we will allow even among insects, as those
nauseous beetles described by Maffettus. *Brown.*
Will the fierce unicorn thy voice obey,
Stand at the crib, and feed upon the hay? *Sandys.*
2. A bird.
Of the unicorn bird, the principal marks are these; headed
and footed like the dunghill cock, tailed like a goose, horned
on his forehead, with some likeness, as the unicorn is pictured;
spur'd on his wings, bigger than a swan. *Grew.*
UNIFORM. *adj.* [unus and forma.]
1. Keeping its tenour; similar to itself.
Though when confusedly mingled, as in this stratum, it
may put on a face never to uniform and alike, yet it is in
reality very different. *Woodward.*
2. Conforming to one rule; acting in the same manner; agree-
ing with each other.
The only doubt is about the manner of their unity, how
far churches are bound to be uniform in their ceremonies,
and what way they ought to take for that purpose. *Hooker.*
Creatures of what condition soever, though each in dif-
ferent manner, yet all with uniform consent, admire her, as
the mother of their peace and joy. *Hooker.*
Numbers, being neither uniform in their designs, nor direct
in their views, neither could manage nor maintain the power
they got. *Swift.*
UNIFORMITY. *n. f.* [uniformitas, Fr.]
1. Resemblance to itself; even tenour.
There is no uniformity in the design of Spenser; he aims
at the accomplishment of no one action. *Dryden.*

U N I

Queen Elizabeth was remarkable for that steadiness and
uniformity which ran through all her actions. *Addison.*
2. Conformity to one pattern; resemblance of one to another.
The unity of that visible body and church of Christ, con-
sisteth in that uniformity, which all the several persons there-
unto belonging have, by reason of that one Lord, whose
servants they all profess themselves; that one faith which they
all acknowledge; that one baptism wherewith they are all
initiated. *Hooker, b. iii.*
UNIFORMLY. *adv.* [from uniform.]
1. Without variation; in an even tenour.
That faith received from the apostles, the church, though
dispersed throughout the world, doth notwithstanding keep
as safe, as if it dwelt within the walls of some one house,
and as uniformly hold, as if it had but one only heart and
soul. *Hooker, b. v.*
The capillamenta of the nerves are each of them solid
and uniform; and the vibrating motion of the aethereal me-
dium may be propagated along them from one end to the
other uniformly, and without interruption. *Newton's Opticks.*
2. Without diversity of one from another.
UNIMAGINABLE. *adj.* Not to be imagined by the fancy;
not to be conceived.
Things to their thought
So unimaginable, as hate in heav'n. *Milton's Par. Lost.*
The skilful organist plies his grave-fancied decant in lofty
fugues, or the whole symphony, with artful and unimaginable
touches, adorns and graces the well-studied chords of some
choice composer. *Milton on Education.*
An infinite succession of the generations of men, without
any permanent foundation, is utterly unimaginable. *Tilleyson.*
UNIMAGINABLY. *adv.* To a degree not to be imagined.
Little commissures, where they adhere, may not be porous
enough to be pervious to the unimaginably subtle corpuscles,
that make up the beams of light. *Boyle.*
UNIMITABLE. *adj.* [inimitabilis, Fr. inimitabilis, Lat.] Not to
be imitated.
Both these are unimitable. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth.*
UNIMORTAL. *adj.* Not immortal; mortal.
They took them several ways,
Both to destroy, or unimmortal make
All kinds. *Milton.*
UNIMPAIRABLE. *adv.* Not liable to waste or diminution.
If the superior be unimpairable, it is a strong presumption,
that the inferiors are likewise unimpaired. *Hakewill.*
UNIMPAIRED. *adj.* Not diminished; not worn out.
Yet unimpaired with labours, or with time,
Your age but seems to a new youth to climb. *Dryden.*
If our silver and gold diminishes, our publick credit con-
tinues unimpaired. *Addison on the State of the War.*
UNIMPROV'D. *adj.* Not solicited.
If answerable stile I can obtain
Of my celestial patroness, who deigns
Her nightly visitation unimprov'd. *Milton's Par. Lost.*
UNIMPROV'TANT. *adj.* Assuming no airs of dignity.
A free, unimportant, natural, easy manner; diverting others
just as we diverted ourselves. *Pope to Swift.*
UNIMPROV'NED. *adj.* Net solicited; not teased to com-
pliance.
Who ever ran
To danger unimportant'd, he was then
No better than a sanguine, virtuous man. *Denne.*
UNIMPROVABLE. *adj.* Incapable of melioration.
UNIMPROVABLENESS. *n. f.* [from unimprovable.] Quality of
not being improvable.
This must be imputed to their ignorance and unimprovable-
ness in knowledge, being generally without literature. *Ham.*
UNIMPROV'D. *adj.*
1. Not made more knowing.
Not a mask went unimprov'd away. *Pope.*
2. Not taught; not meliorated by instruction.
Young Fortinbras,
Of unimproved mettle hot and full. *Shakesp. Hamlet.*
Shallow, unimproved intellects, are confident pretenders to
certainty. *Granville.*
UNINCREASABLE. *adj.* Admitting no increase.
That love, which ought to be appropriated to God, re-
sults chiefly from an altogether, or almost unincreasable eleva-
tion and vastness of affection. *Boyle.*
UNINDIFFERENT. *adj.* Partial; leaning to a side.
His opinion touching the catholic church was as unindiffer-
ent, as touching our church, the opinion of them that fa-
vour this pretended reformation is. *Hooker, b. iv.*
UNINDUSTRIOUS. *adj.* Not diligent; not laborious.
Pride we cannot think to sluggish or unindustrious an agent,
as not to find out expedients for its purpose. *Decay of Piety.*
UNINFLAMMABLE. *adj.* Not capable of being set on fire.
The uninflamnable spirit of such concreted, may be pretend-
ed to be but a mixture of phlegm and salt. *Boyle.*
UNINFLAMED. *adj.* Not set on fire.
When weak bodies come to be inflamed, they gather a
much greater heat than others have uninflamed. *Bacon.*
Un-